



LORD FRENCH FIRED ON BY ASSASSINS

KELLY'S ASSISTANT IS HELD FOR TRIAL IN CALLESS CASE; ANOTHER IS UNDER ARREST

Connell and Kearney Accused of Falsifying Papers for Taxi Victim's Body

REFORM IS DEMANDED.

New Witnesses Go Before Grand Jury To-Day to Tell of Woman's Death.

John Kearney, an assistant to Undertaker George H. Kelly, of No. 337 Columbus Avenue, was arraigned today before Magistrate Harris in the City Magistrate's Court, Municipal Building, charged with complicity in the body burial and making of false records in the case of Mrs. Anna Calless, seventy-two, the facts concerning which were revealed by The Evening World.

Through Charles E. Fredericks, his attorney, of Seymour Mork's office, Kearney pleaded not guilty and waived examination. On each of two complaints he was held in \$500 bonds for the Court of Special Sessions. Bail was furnished by Thomas E. Fox of No. 1004 Bathgate Avenue, Bronx.

The case against Frank Connell, twenty-four, another of Kelly's assistants, was adjourned until Monday morning, when Connell also will be arraigned before Magistrate Harris.

Kearney is charged with violating section 187 of the Sanitary Code in that he made a false, untruthful and misleading statement in an application to the Department of Health concerning the death of Mrs. Calless. In a separate count he is charged with violating the provisions of section 26 by making false records in the case.

Connell is charged with violating section 26 by wilfully making a false statement in connection with Mrs. Calless's death. It is charged that Kearney wrote the false death certificate and that Connell delivered it to Mr. Kane, caretaker of the City Mortuary, and told him that it was Kelly's death. It is charged that Kearney wrote the false death certificate and that Connell delivered it to Mr. Kane, caretaker of the City Mortuary, and told him that it was Kelly's death.

The additional Grand Jury to-day (Continued on Twenty-eighth Page.)

WORLD RESTAURANT.
Serving a la Russian, 40c. Soups and Steaks, 50c. Table d'hôte dinner, Dec. 19th, 50c. World Restaurant—Adm.

TO LOCAL AND NATIONAL ADVERTISERS:

Advertisers who have their copy and orders in The World office by 3 P. M. of the day preceding publication will be given preference by both The Morning and Evening World in the acceptance of advertising during the present paper crisis. Positive reservations by 3 P. M. will go next in order, provided copy and order are received by 3 P. M. All other business will have to run the chance of being omitted.

This applies particularly to desire must be known in time to shape in the paper limitations of that day.

FALL KILLS ALCOCK NON-STOP FLYER ACROSS ATLANTIC



Capt. J. ALCOCK, (Copyright, Keystone Photo News.)

Aviator Succumbs to Injuries Received in Crash of His Airplane in France.

ROUEN, France, Dec. 19.—Capt. Sir John Alcock, the first aviator to make a non-stop airplane flight across the Atlantic, died here this afternoon as a result of injuries he received when his plane crashed yesterday near Cotterard, Department of Seine-Inférieure, Normandy.

The transatlantic flight which brought fame to Capt. Alcock and his companion in the feat, Lieut. Arthur W. Brown, was accomplished in June last, when they flew from Newfoundland to Clifden, Ireland, more than 1,900 miles, in 16 hours and 15 minutes.

LANSING TO BAR NEW SOVIET ENVOY

Expected to Refuse Admission to U. S. of Vladimir Vochetoff, Held at San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The State Department is preparing to break up a new effort by the Soviet regime of Russia to establish relations with the United States.

Under its control over immigration it is believed the State Department will bar Vladimir Vochetoff, a self-styled representative from Soviet Russia on an important diplomatic mission to Washington.

Vochetoff is held by the immigration authorities at Angel Island, San Francisco, apparently because of his connection with the Bolsheviks and the nature of his visit.

HUDSON FROZEN AT NYACK.

No Traffic Possible Now Above Tarrytown.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 19.—The Hudson River is frozen over down to this point. Ferry traffic between Tarrytown and Nyack on the west shore has been stopped for the season.

225 MEN OVERBOARD AT SEA.
The "MERC" (Morse) ship, Broadway, commencing service at 11:30 a.m. today, will carry 225 men and 250 tons of cargo. The ship will be loaded with 250 tons of cargo and 225 men. The ship will be loaded with 250 tons of cargo and 225 men.

GIFTS FOR "REDS" ON "SOVIET ARK;" SAILS TO-MORROW

Emma Goldman Gets Silk Stockings and Sweaters and Berkman Has Filled Trunks.

TRAIN LOAD FROM WEST.

Sixty-one to Be Deported Rushed Here to Be Put Aboard Transport Buford.

Exodus of the "Reds" for Russia begins to-morrow afternoon with the departure of the United States transport Buford, when Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman and about three hundred radicals, Socialists, Anarchists and I. W. W.'s will set sail on the "Soviet Ark."

Men and women held for deportation in various parts of the country, some of them for months, are being rushed here on special trains under heavy guard to take the holiday voyage across the seas. Their port of destination has not been announced. But when they land they will be among "friends."

Ellis Island has been busy with preparations for the departure of the Anarchists. Emma Goldman and Berkman have been special objects of the solicitude of their followers, who are seeing to it that they have plenty of clothing and food for the voyage. Notwithstanding that they are going back to their friends, there is just a little doubt as to the reception which may be accorded them. Not that they may not be received with acclaim, but that they may have to shift for themselves in the matter of necessities.

To prepare against any such emergency, Emma Goldman has been "loaded down" with silk stockings, woolen sweaters, lingerie and clothing. According to Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, head of the Workers' Defense Union, 700 cases have been collected for the "political prisoners" throughout the country as Christmas offerings and Emma Goldman is to have her pick of the presents.

With regard to silk stockings, the Bolsheviks have no objection to them if they are wearing them. Miss Flynn explained the apparent contradiction of proletarian principles thusly: "The Bolsheviks believe in silk stockings for the proletariat as opposed to silk stockings merely for the aristocracy."

The deported "Reds" will go away from this country with a whole lot more than they had when they came to it, which is in observance of another principle of the radicals. Berkman has accumulated three grips and a trunkload of clothing and canned goods, the best the country can afford. Emma Goldman has been loaded down in similar fashion by her women followers.

Sixty-one radicals arrived late yesterday on the "Red Flag Special" after a fast trip straight across the continent. They are from San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburgh and way stations, and include I. W. W.'s, Russian Federationists, Anarchists and others.

(Continued on Second Page.)

CLOSING TIME 7.30 P. M. Sharp on Saturdays for SUNDAY WORLD WANT ADS.

Want Advertisements for The Sunday World must be in The World's Main Office on or before 7.30 Saturday evening.

Branch Offices Before 7. Positively no advertisements will be accepted after this time. Please Post Sunday World Want Advertisements in early to insure sure of its publication. ADVERTISEMENTS MAY BE OMITTED.

WILSON CAN'T END PROHIBITION NOW, IS PALMER'S RULING

Attorney General Holds Action Must Wait on Peace Ratification and Demobilization.

RESIDENT WILSON cannot lift the War-Time Prohibition ban until the Peace Treaty has been ratified and a proclamation of demobilization issued, Attorney General Palmer declared to-day.

The Supreme Court decision on wartime prohibition, strengthens him in this opinion, which he held previously.

Senator Lewis held a long conference with Secretary Tamm today, at which he urged that the President lift the ban to give owners of whiskey stocks a chance to dispose of them. Representative Olney, Massachusetts, though a Prohibition supporter, made a similar plea.

GAS RATES UPHELD IN BRONX; DECISION AFFECTS ALL CITY.

Nixon Overruled by Appellate Court in Attacking Legality of Law.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court to-day overruled Justice John V. McAvoy's decision sustaining the demurrer of Public Service Commissioner Nixon to the Bronx Gas and Electric Company's suit to have Chapter No. 125 of the laws of 1906 declared unconstitutional and void in so far as it prohibits the gas company from charging or receiving more than \$1 per 1,000 cubic feet.

The decision is regarded as a far-reaching one in that it is believed to clear the road for the institution of similar suits by other public utility companies whose rates are fixed by statute and whose expenses are mounting with the increased cost of labor and materials.

The opinion was written by Justice Page and concurred in by Presiding Justice Clarke and Justices Dowling, Smith and Merrell.

The decision quotes from the company's complaint to the effect that it now costs it more than \$1 per thousand feet to make gas, the company showing a deficit for 1917 of \$23,855.53 and for 1918 of \$72,446.

"If it should be proved on the trial," says the decision, "that the facts alleged in the complaint are true, the statute (Chapter No. 125 of the laws of 1906), though valid in its inception, would have become, by reason of changed conditions, unconstitutional and void, because confiscatory, and the court has jurisdiction to hear and determine this question."

The court, however, disagreed with the gas company that the Court had power to fix a rate which was adequate and fair, holding that this power vested solely in the Legislature or its delegated agent, the Public Service Commission.

When informed of the decision by The Evening World to-day's Assistant District Attorney Martin of the Bronx, who has conducted the fight against the company's efforts to charge \$1.50 per thousand feet for gas, said that the fight would be continued.

"This decision merely means that the case must come to trial before a Court of Equity," said Mr. Martin. "We feel that we can prevent the people of the Bronx being charged almost twice as much for gas as those in other sections of the city are paying. We are now paying \$1 per thousand, whereas the majority of gas users are paying but 50 cents."

GIRL'S QUICK WIT EMPTIES BURNING SCHOOL IN SAFETY

1,993 Children Marched Out of P. S. 77 After Pupil Whispers Alarm to Teacher.

ALL COOL IN DANGER.

Little Ones Pass Through Smoke Without Flinching—Top Floor Destroyed.

The self-possession and rapid initiative of twelve-year-old Eleanor Faller of No. 305 East 90th Street was of great assistance to-day in the movement of pupils from Public School No. 77 at 86th Street and First Avenue where a fire which started in a cloak room on the fourth floor gutted the upper part of the building.

The 1,993 little boys and girls vacated the building in two minutes after the alarm was sounded. The building is an ancient structure with wooden halls and stairways. Eleanor Faller went to the cloak room at 11.30 o'clock on some errand. The cloak room opens into a hallway.

As the fire opened the door smoke poured out upon her and she saw flames within the room. Closing the door, she walked back into the schoolroom and reported in a whisper to her teacher, Miss Julia Williamson, that the cloak room was burning up.

Miss Williamson signalled Miss Fitzmaurice, the acting principal, who sounded the fire drill. Only the pupils on the upper floor knew there was a fire in the building. Those on the lower three floors thought they were going through a routine drill. One class of little girls had to march past the cloak room in which the fire was burning on the fourth floor. The hall was full of smoke and flames were crackling behind the doorway, but not a child faltered.

The children had no time to gather up hats or coats and trooped out into the snow bareheaded and shivering. Within a few minutes their mothers began to follow the fire apparatus to the school and only the quick arrival of the reserves from the East 86th Street station prevented a panic in the neighborhood.

The top floor of the school was destroyed.

MILK CONSPIRACY CHARGES DROPPED

Extraordinary Grand Jury Reports It Finds No Evidence and Commends District Attorney.

Before adjourning to-day until Jan. 2, the Extraordinary Grand Jury, with Justice Weeks a permanent acting forth that it had dismissed the charge of conspiracy against the milk distributors of New York.

"We beg to advise you," the presentment said, "that no evidence whatsoever of any such conspiracy was presented by the District Attorney."

"The Grand Jury further wishes to bring your attention," the document read, "that the delay in making final disposition of this charge is due solely to the action of the District Attorney in not advising the Grand Jury that he had completed his presentation of the case."

The Grand Jury finds fault with the method by which the Dairyman's League and the distributors dealt upon the price of milk and also criticizes the system by which the distributors maintain the inspectors of farms and dairies, arguing that this work in the public interest should be performed by permanent employees of city or State and paid for by the people.

A copy of the presentment will be forwarded to Gov. Smith, who ordered the milk inquiry.

VISCOUNT FRENCH, TARGET OF AN ASSASSIN WHILE DRIVING IN DUBLIN STREETS



VISCOUNT FRENCH (Copyright by International Film Service.)

43 DROWN AT SEA AS STEAMER SINKS, WIRELESS REPORTS

British Freighter Manxman Goes Down in Gale—Survivors on Way Here.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 19.—Forty-three members of the crew of the British steamer Manxman were drowned yesterday when their ship foundered in mid-ocean, according to a radio from the British steamship, British Isles, picked up here to-day. The rest of the crew, numbering more than a dozen, have been picked up by the British Isles which is due in New York to-morrow.

The message said that among those lost were the Captain first mate, fourth engineer and wireless operator. The rest of the officers, including the chief steward, were saved.

The radio did not state how the men lost their lives, but it is presumed they went down with their ship, though there is a possibility that they may have had time to take to the boats and that these subsequently capsized.

The Manxman, which was last reported at Portland, Me., on Nov. 30, was on her way to a transatlantic port. The British Isles, from London, Dec. 2 for New York, sighted the distressed ship Wednesday and stood by her for twenty-four hours, according to another wireless message.

The radio added that the steamer sank in latitude 41.53, longitude 50.51, and ended with a request that boots and clothes be furnished the survivors of the Manxman when they reach New York.

WILSON ENJOYS SNOWSTORM

Wrapped in Fur Coat, He Sits on White House Porch.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—President Wilson enjoyed the first real snow storm of the winter today, spending an hour on the south porch of the White House wrapped in a fur coat.

Earlier in the morning the President walked about his room and the adjacent corridors for a short time. Rear Admiral Grayson, his physician, said: "Christmas at the White House will not be spoiled this year by the presence of the President's grandchildren. It has been decided that President Wilson's condition is not favorable to the noisy movement in which the little ones might indulge."

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU.
Travel, Hotel, World, Building, 100 Park Ave., N. Y. City. Telephone, BR 6-6000. Check room for baggage and parcels open day and night. Money orders and travelers' checks for sale—Adm.

BOMBS USED IN ATTEMPT TO KILL IRELAND'S VICEROY; ONE ASSASSIN SHOT DEAD

Viscount French Fired On While Driving in Phoenix Park, but Escapes Injury—Bullets Shatter His Car—Troops Return Volley—Policeman Is Wounded.

DUBLIN, Dec. 19.—An attempt was made at 1 o'clock this afternoon to assassinate Viscount French, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Lord French was driving between the Ashton Gate of Phoenix Park and the Vice Regal Lodge when several shots were fired.

Lord French, however, escaped the fate intended for him. The military promptly returned the fire and one assailant was shot dead. His body lay by the roadside.

Ambulances were immediately rushed to the spot. Information gathered indicated that the assassins fired from a field while the Vice Regal party was passing along the road.

The most intense excitement prevailed when two tanks passed through the streets at about 2.30 P. M.

TWO SHOTS HIT LORD FRENCH'S CAR.

A number of men were hiding in a field beside the road when Lord French motored past. The first shot fell in front of the vice regent car but the second entered the side of the car and another pierced its back. A cyclist policeman, acting as escort, was hit in the foot.

The military escort, which met Lord French at the Ashtown station, was some distance behind when the attack occurred, but quickly galloped to the scene, being summoned by a woman who was driving a car containing Lord French's baggage. She turned back immediately on hearing the firing. The attack on Lord French was made 200 yards from the Ashtown station.

Policeman Loughlin was talking with a civilian as Lord French passed. Loughlin was killed during the shooting. The civilian with whom he had been talking fired at Lord French, and another policeman killed him. The attacking party fled across the fields in the direction of Dublin. None of Lord French's assailants was caught.

BOMBS REPORTED USED BY ASSASSINS.

One report says the attack was made with revolvers and bombs. The civilian who was killed is declared to have had bombs in his possession. Two loaded revolvers also were found on him. He was killed by a shot in the head.

One bomb exploded and dug a big hole in the road near the Ashtown corner. Portions of another bomb were found. The attacking party is believed to have numbered five or six persons.

An automobile which was following that containing Lord French bearing other members of the party, was shattered by the firing and its driver was injured.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Dublin says that the assailants of Lord French and his party numbered fifteen or twenty persons.

FIRST U. S. LINER FOR GERMANY TO SAIL TO-MORROW

Manchuria to Take 10,000 Bags of Mail, a Record, and Foodstuffs to Hamburg.

WHAT is said to be the biggest shipment of mail ever carried by one ship is stacked on board the American liner Manchuria, and will start to-morrow from Pier 62, North River, for Hamburg, Germany. It will fill 16,000 bags. The biggest previous shipment recalled along the waterfront was a Christmas consignment of 3,800 bags a few years ago on the Olympic of the White Star fleet.

The Manchuria will be the first merchant vessel of one of the "regular" lines to sail for a German port since the war. The pressing needs of the Germans are indicated by the nature of her 12,000-ton cargo, made up of oil, grease and foodstuffs. Her passengers will number only twenty-three.

From this time on, the American line, which never before maintained a German service, will have weekly sailings to Hamburg.

The attack upon Lord French has been expected by observers of the recent trend of affairs in Ireland. It has been openly charged that Dublin Castle, acting on orders from the British Government, has been deliberately trying to force just such an act as the attempt to assassinate the Lord Lieutenant.

Lord French was sent to Ireland in May, 1918, and, under him, military rule was slowly established. Nevertheless, outbreaks in Ireland increased in number. Constables and other law officers were shot from ambush on lonely country roads, bar-mocks were raided and guerrilla warfare of a sort prevailed throughout the south of Ireland.

On Nov. 29 last Dublin Castle issued a proclamation suppressing the Sinn Féin throughout Ireland. This proclamation made any assembly in Ireland unlawful unless it should have been sanctioned beforehand by the Government. The right of trial by jury of political offenders was suspended.

At the same time Lord French proclaimed that political prisoners resorting to the hunger strike would be allowed to starve to death if they persisted in refusing food. Previously and the rule still prevails in England—political prisoners were released when their health was endangered.